

T110P - T200P RING CORE CURRENT TRANSFORMER

General

The current transformers features the following main characteristis:

- Primary ratio100/1 A
- Insulated plastic case
- · Connecting terminals with protecting case
- Two diameters are available (110-200 mm)
- Open and close core (110 mm).



Application

Ring core current transformers are used in conjunction with Thytronic protection relays to detect the residual current as well for insulated neutral as for impedance or resistance earthed systems.

Thanks to high accuracy in a extended current range, the correct operation of the protection relay is guaranteed in all condition.



TECHNICAL DATA

■ Mechanical data

 Mounting
 panel

 Protection degree
 IP20

 Terminals
 screw connection M4

 • T110P#A1B1
 5.8 kg

 • T110P#C5B1
 2.0 kg

 • T110P#C1B1
 2.6 kg

 • T200P#C1B1
 7.1 kg

Insulation test

Reference standard	EN60255-5
AC voltage test 50Hz (1 min)	3 kV 60s
Impulse voltage test (1.2/50 μs)	5 kV
Insulation resistance	>100 MΩ

■ Environmental conditions

Ambient temperature

Nominal range

Extreme range

Contract temperature

Relative umidity

Atmospheric pressure

-5...+40 °C

-10...+55 °C

-25...+60 °C

Relative umidity

10...95 %

70...110 kPa

Reference standards

Instrument transformers Part 1: current transformers CEI EN 60044-1

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rated frequency f _n Rated primary current f _{pn}	50, 60 Hz 100 A
Rated secondary current I _{sn}	1 A
Rated continous thermal current	5 / _{PN}
Rated short-time thermal current Ith (1s)	125 / _{PN}
Rated dynamic current I _{dvn}	40 kA
Insulation reference voltage $U_{\rm m}$	0.72 kV ^[1]
Class of insulation	E
Accuracy class	5P
Accuracy limit factor $F_{\rm l}$	20

Accuracy within range 0.002...20 $I_{\rm n}$ (0.2...2000 A primary):

, 10 0 d. d. 0 / 111 d. 1 d. 1 g. 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 (0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Composite error	< 5%
Current error (ratio error)	< 2%
Phase displacement	< 2°

Rated burden	0.5 VA
• T110P#A1B1	1 VA
• T110P#C5B1	0.5 VA
• T110P#C1B1	1 VA
• T200P#C1B1	1 VΔ

Winding resistance (75°C):

villaling resistance (75 G).	
• T110P#A1B1	187 m Ω
• T110P#C5B1	150 m Ω
• T110P#C1B1	138 m Ω
• T200P#C1B1	$88~\text{m}\Omega$

Note 1: in MV installation the CTs may be only used on insulated cables



COMMISSIONING

for MT installation CTs may be only used on insulated cables

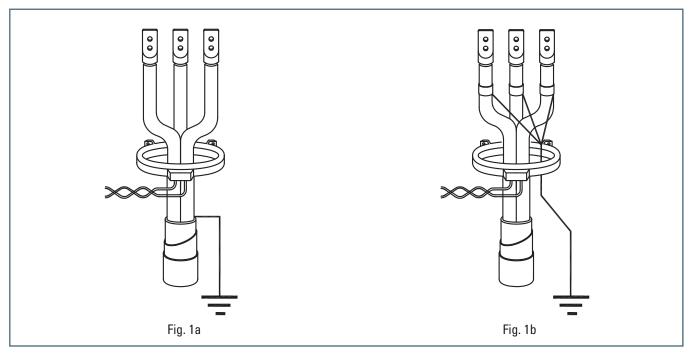
Before proceed to installation, care must be taken that any earthing connection are made upstream the core balance CT.

The exact placement of a balance core CT is shown below (Fig. 1a, 1b).

All live conductors must pass through the toroid.

In case the protected line be an armored cable, the armor must be connected to earth downstream the summing; therefore if the transformer is istalled downstream the shield of the cable, the earth connection must pass through the transformer (Fig. 1b).

Shielded twisted pair cabling is advisable for connections to the protection relay.



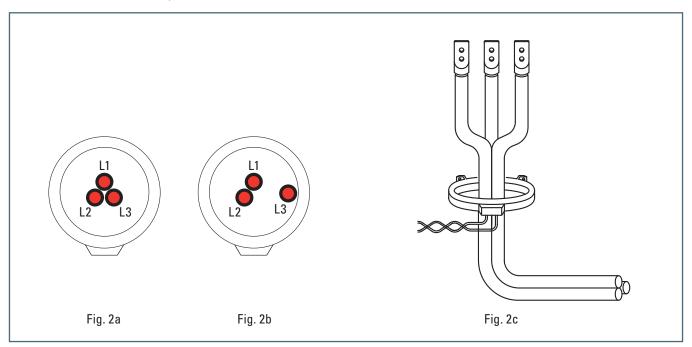
A ring with twice larger diameter than necessary for cables insertion must be used.

To ensure a linear measure of the residual current, the live conductors must be properly centered so that their magnetic effects are exacly compensed when the residual current is zero (Fig.2a).

Incorrect centering of cables in the summing CT (Fig.2b) must be avoided; phase L3 causes a local magnetic saturation with a false residual current output.

Same consideration applies if the transformer is placed near the cable bend (Fig.2c).

Placement of the toroid as far as possible fron cable bend is raccomanded.

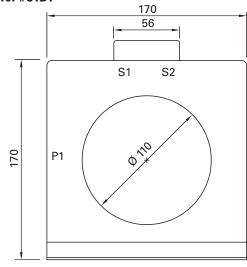


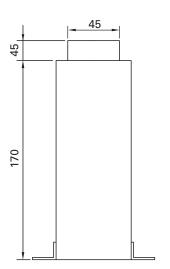
For directional earth fault functions (le: 67N), the correct polarity and mounting is essential; wrong connection will cause false behaviour of the protection relay (reverse operation).
Polarity is labeled "P1" for the primary circuit (line cables) and "S1" for the secondary circuit (output terminal).

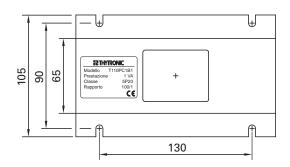


T110P DIMENSIONS

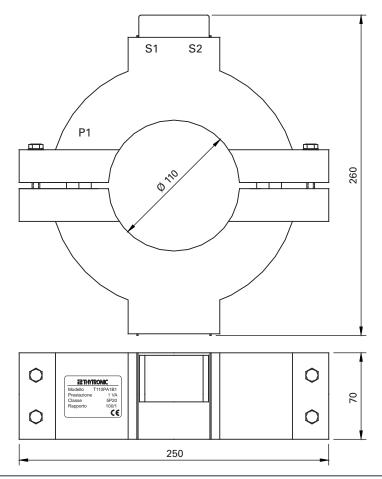
□ T110P#C5B1 and T110P#C1B1







□ T110P#A1B1





T200P DIMENSIONS

□ T200P#C5B1

