

NA11

FEEDER PROTECTION RELAY
THE BASIC SOLUTION FOR FEEDERS AND TRANSFORMERS
PROTECTION WITH AUTOMATIC RECLOSURE

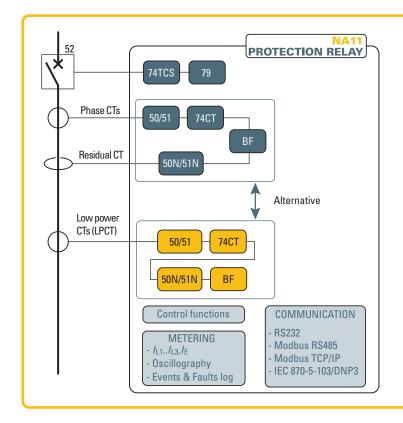


The relay type NA11 can be used in radial networks as feeder or power transformer protection.

In solidly grounded systems the residual overcurrent protection can be used on feeders of any length, while in ungrounded or Petersen coil and/or resistance grounded systems, the residual overcurrent protection can be used on feeders of small length in order to avoid unwanted trippings due to the capacitive current contribution of the feeder on external ground fault.

Beside to the phase and residual overcurrent protections, the automatic reclosing function is provided.

The NA11 protection relay may be shipped with traditional CTs or low power (LPCT) current inputs.



- Protective & control functions

50/51 Phase overcurrent
50N/51N Residual overcurrent
BF Breaker failure
74CT CT supervision
74TCS Trip circuit supervision
79 Automatic reclosure



— Measuring inputs

- Three phase current inputs and one residual current input, with nominal currents independently selectable at 1 A or 5 A through DIP-switches for CTs interface
- Three phase current inputs for low power current sensors (LPCT); the residual current is calculated from the vectorial sum of the three phase currents. This new sensors have reduced cost, reduced weight, reduced wiring cost and best transient performances compared with traditional CTs. Moreover, external shorting devices are not required and safety is highly-improved.

— Firmware updating

The use of flash memory units allows on-site firmware updating.

Two set point profiles (A,B)

Two independent groups of settings are provided. Switching from profiles may be operated by means of MMI, binary input and communication.

— Construction

According to the hardware configurations, the NA11 protection relay can be shipped in various case styles depending on the required mounting options (flush, projecting mounting, rack or with separate operator panel).

— Binary inputs

Two or five binary inputs are available with programmable active state (active-ON/active-OFF) and programmable timer (active to OFF/ON or ON/OFF transitions).

Several presettable functions can be associated to each input.

— Modular design

In order to extend I/O capability, the NA11 hardware can be customized through external auxiliary modules:

- MRI Output relays and LEDs
- MID16 Binary inputs
- MCI 4...20 mA converters
- MPT Pt100 probe inputs.



— Blocking input/outputs

One output blocking circuit and one input blocking circuit are provided.

The output blocking circuits of one or several Pro_N relays, shunted together, must be connected to the input blocking circuit of the protection relay, which is installed upwards in the electric plant. The output circuit works as a simple contact, whose condition is detected by the input circuit of the upwards protection relay.

Output relays

Six output relays are available (two changeover, three make and one break contacts); each relay may be individually programmed as normal state (normally energized, de-energized or pulse) and reset mode (manual or automatic).

A programmable timer is provided for each relay (minimum pulse width). The user may program the function of each relay in accordance with a matrix (tripping matrix) structure.

MMI (Man Machine Interface)

The user interface comprises a membrane keyboard, a backlight LCD alphanumeric display and eight LEDs.

The green ON LED indicates auxiliary power supply and self diagnostics, two LEDs are dedicated to the Start and Trip (yellow for Start, red for Trip) and five red LEDs are user assignable.



Communication

Multiple communication interfaces are implemented:

- One RS232 local communication front-end interface for communication with ThySetter setup software
- Two back-end interfaces for communication with remote monitoring and control systems by:
- RS485 port using $\widehat{\text{ModBus}}$ RTU, IEC 60870-5-103 or DNP3 protocol,
- Ethernet port (RJ45 or optical fiber) with ModBus/TCP protocol.

— Programming and settings

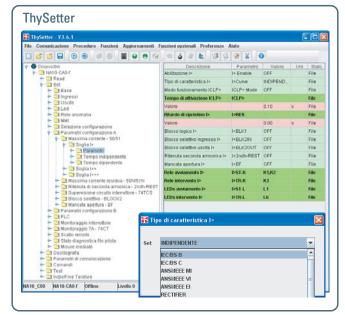
All relay programming and adjustment operations may be performed through MMI (Keyboard and display) or using a Personal Computer with the aid of the ThySetter software.

The same PC setup software is required to set, monitor and configure all Pro_N devices.

Full access to the available data is provided:

- Read status and measures.
- Read/edit settings (on-line or off-line edit).

Two session level (User or Administrator) with password for sensible data access are provided.





Control and monitoring

Several predefined functions are implemented:

- · Activation of two set point profiles
- Phase CTs monitoring (74CT)
- · Logic selectivity
- · Cold load pickup (CLP) with block or setting change
- Trip circuit supervision (74TCS)
- Second harmonic restraint (inrush)
- Remote tripping
- Synchronization
- · Circuit Breaker commands and diagnostic
- Automatic reclosing

Moreover user defined logic must be customized in accordance with IEC 61131-3 protocol by means programmable logic controller (PLC).

Circuit Breaker

Several diagnostic, monitoring and control functions are provided:

- Health thresholds can be set; when the accumulated duty (ΣI or ΣI²t), the number of operations or the opening time exceeds the threshold an alarm is activated
- Breaker failure (BF); breaker status is monitored by means 52a-52b and/or through line current measurements
- Trip circuit supervision (74TCS)
- Breaker control; opening and closing commands can be carried out locally or remotely

Second harmonic restraint

To prevent unwanted tripping of the protective functions on transformer inrush current, the protective elements can be blocked when the ratio between the second harmonic current and the relative fundamental current is larger than a user programmable threshold.

The function can be programmed to switch an output relay so as to cause a blocking protection relays lacking in second harmonic restraint.

Logic selectivity

With the aim of providing a fast selective protection system some protective functions may be blocked (pilot wire accelerated logic). To guarantee maximum fail-safety, the relay performs a run time monitoring for pilot wire continuity and pilot wire shorting. Exactly the output blocking circuit periodically produces a pulse, having a small enough width in order to be ignored as an effective blocking signal by the input blocking circuit of the upstream protection, but suitable to prove the continuity of the pilot wire.

Furthermore a permanent activation (or better, with a duration longer than a preset time) of the blocking signal is identified, as a warning for a possible short circuit in the pilot wire or in the output circuit of the downstream protection.

Automatic reclosing

The automatic reclosure function is well-used on overhead lines (when faults are self-extinguish after tripping of protection relays).

The following sequences may be selected:

- · Rapid reclosure,
- · Rapid reclosure followed by one slow reclosure,
- Rapid reclosure followed by one slow reclosure and one or more delayed reclosures (1...5).

Starting of the automatic reclosing function can be raised by internal protective elements or externally by means binary input signals (eg: external protection device contacts or operating switches).

The following logics may be set (binary inputs allocation):

- 52a 52b (Circuit breaker state); the CB position is indispensable for the auto reclosure function.
- · Blocking; exclusion command (pulse),
- Enabling; activation command (pulse).
- The following output functions may be coupled to the output relays:
- CB reclosing command;
- · Reclosure fail.
- · Cycle in progress.

Cold Load Pickup (CLP)

Cold load pickup element prevents unwanted tripping in case of temporary overcurrents produced when a feeder is being connected after an extended outage (e.g. motor starting).

Two different operating modes are provided:

- Each protective element can be blocked for a programmable time
- Each threshold can be increased for a programmable time.

Self diagnostics

All hardware and software functions are repeatedly checked and any anomalies reported via display messages, communication interfaces, LEDs and output relays.

Anomalies may refer to:

- Hw faults (auxiliary power supply, output relay coil interruptions, MMI board...)
- Sw faults (boot and run time tests for data base, EEPROM memory checksum failure, data BUS,...)
- · Pilot wire faults (break or short in the wire)
- · Circuit breaker faults.

— Metering

NA11 provides metering values for phase and residual currents, making them available for reading on a display or to communication interfaces.

Input signals are sampled 24 times per period and the RMS value of the fundamental component is measured using the DFT (Discrete Fourier Transform) algorithm and digital filtering.

With DFT the RMS value of 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th harmonic of phase current are also measured.

On the base of the direct measurements, the minimum-peak-fixed-rolling demand, mean-minimum-maximum absolute phase currents are processed.

The measured signals can be displayed with reference to nominal values or directly expressed in amperes.

— Event storage

Several useful data are stored for diagnostic purpose; the events are stored into a non volatile memory.

They are graded from the newest to the older after the "Events reading" command (ThySetter) is issued:

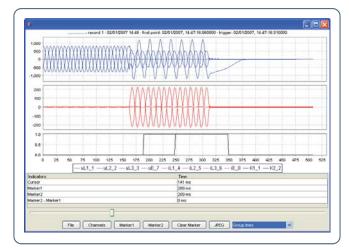
- Sequence of Event Recorder (SER)
 - The event recorder runs continuously capturing in circular mode the last three hundred events upon trigger of binary input/output.
- Sequence of Fault Recorder (SFR)
 - The event recorder runs continuously capturing in circular mode the last twenty events upon trigger of binary input/output and/or element pickup (start-trip).
- Trip counters

Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillography)

Upon trigger of tripping/starting of each function or external signals, the relay records in COMTRADE format:

- Oscillography with instantaneous values for transient analysis.
- RMS values for long time periods analysis.
- · Logic states (binary inputs and output relays).

Note - A license for Digital Fault Recorder function is required, the records are stored in nonvolatile memory





SPECIFICATIONS

INPUT CIRCUITS

GENERAL

Maakaniaaldata	
— Mechanical data	— Auxiliary power supply Uaux
Mounting: flush, projecting, rack or separated operator panel	Nominal value (range) 2448 Vac/dc, 115230 Vac/110220 Vdc
Mass (flush mounting case) 2.0 kg	Operative range (each one of the above nominal values) 1960 Vac/dc
-4 44-	85265 Vac/75300 Vdc
— Insulation tests	Power consumption:
Reference standards EN 60255-5	 Maximum (energized relays, Ethernet TX) Maximum (energized relays, Ethernet FX) 15 W (25 VA)
High voltage test 50Hz 2 kV 60 s Impulse voltage withstand (1.2/50 μs) 5 kV	• Maximum (energized relays, Ethernet FX) 15 W (25 VA)
Impulse voltage withstand (1.2/50 μ s) 5 kV Insulation resistance >100 M Ω	— Phase current inputs
insulation resistance >100 M22	Traditional CTs:
— Voltage dip and interruption	 Nominal current I_n 1 A or 5 A selectable by DIP Switches
Reference standards EN 61000-4-29	• Permanent overload 25 A
neterence standards Liv 01000-4-25	• Thermal overload (1 s) 500 A
— EMC tests for interference immunity	• Rated consumption (for any phase) $\leq 0.002 \text{ VA } (I_n = 1 \text{ A})$
1 MHz damped oscillatory wave EN 60255-22-1 1 kV-2.5 kV	$\leq 0.04 \text{ VA } (I_0 = 5 \text{ A})$
Electrostatic discharge EN 60255-22-2 8 kV	• Connections 4 mm ring lugs suitable for M4 screws
Fast transient burst (5/50 ns) EN 60255-22-4 4 kV	· ····································
Conducted radio-frequency fields EN 60255-22-6 10 V	 Low power CTs (according to IEC 60044-8 standard):
Radiated radio-frequency fields EN 60255-4-3 10 V/m	• Nominal primary current I_{np} 100 A
High energy pulse EN 61000-4-5 2 kV	 Extended primary current (selectable via DIP Switches and sw)
Magnetic field 50 Hz EN 61000-4-8 1 kA/m	501250 A
Damped oscillatory wave EN 61000-4-12 2.5 kV	Maximum primary current 22.5 kA
Ring wave EN 61000-4-12 2 kV	• Nominal secondary voltage ($I_{pr} = 50 \text{ A}$) 22.5 mV
Conducted common mode (0150 kHz) EN 61000-4-16 10 V	• Connections RJ45 plug
— Emission	— Residual current input (Traditional CT)
Reference standards EN 61000-6-4 (ex EN 50081-2)	Nominal current /En 1 A or 5 A selectable by DIP Switch
Conducted emission 0.1530 MHz Class A	Permanent overload 25 A
Radiated emission 301000 MHz Class A	Thermal overload (1 s) 500 A
	Rated consumption $\leq 0.006 \text{ VA } (I_{En} = 1 \text{ A})$
— Climatic tests	\leq 0.012 VA ($I_{En} = 5 A$)
Reference standards IEC 60068-x, ENEL R CLI 01, CEI 50	Binary inputs
	Quantity 2 or 5
— Mechanical tests	Type dry inputs
Reference standards EN 60255-21-1, 21-2, 21-3	Max permissible voltage 19265 Vac/19300 Vdc
6-1-1	Max consumption, energized 3 mA
— Safety requirements	Disabinant (Lonio coloctivitu)
Reference standards EN 61010-1	Block input (Logic selectivity)
Reference standards EN 61010-1 Pollution degree 3	Quantity 1
Reference standards EN 61010-1 Pollution degree 3 Reference voltage 250 V	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply)
Reference standards EN 61010-1 Pollution degree 3 Reference voltage 250 V Overvoltage III	Quantity 1
Reference standards EN 61010-1 Pollution degree 3 Reference voltage 250 V Overvoltage III Pulse voltage 5 kV	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA
Reference standards EN 61010-1 Pollution degree 3 Reference voltage 250 V Overvoltage III Pulse voltage 5 kV Reference standards EN 60529	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply)
Reference standards EN 61010-1 Pollution degree 3 Reference voltage 250 V Overvoltage III Pulse voltage 5 kV Reference standards EN 60529 Protection degree:	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA
Reference standards EN 61010-1 Pollution degree 3 Reference voltage 250 V Overvoltage III Pulse voltage 5 kV Reference standards EN 60529	Quantity Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals EN 61010-1 Re 1010-1 Re 1010	Quantity Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C)
Reference standards EN 61010-1 Pollution degree 3 Reference voltage 250 V Overvoltage III Pulse voltage 5 kV Reference standards EN 60529 Protection degree: • Front side IP52	Quantity Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A)
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals EN 60529 Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals P20 Environmental conditions Ambient temperature -25+70 °C	Quantity Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B)
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals PED Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature EN 61010-1 Re N 61010-1 Re N 60529 FIN 60529	Quantity Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 Type of contacts K6 Nominal current 8 A
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals PED Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity EN 61010-1 Ren 61010	Quantity Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals PED Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature EN 61010-1 Re N 61010-1 Re N 60529 FIN 60529	Quantity Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity:
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals P20 Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure EN 61010-1 ReN 61010-1 Rel 1010-1 Rel 1010-	Quantity Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals P20 Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure EN 61010-1 ReN 61010-1 Rel 1010-1 Rel 1010-	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals Product standard Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure Relative standard for measuring relays EN 61010-1 Rel 61	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS — Output relays K1K6 6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals Protection terminals Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals Protection degree: Front side Protection degree: Front side Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Front side Protection degree: Front side Front si	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals P20 Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure Certifications Product standard for measuring relays CE conformity EMC Directive Reference standard so till Revision Solution So	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS — Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA Short duration current (0,5 s) 30 A
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals P20 Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure Certifications Product standard for measuring relays CE conformity EMC Directive Low Voltage Directive Reference standard 5 Stov EN 60529 FN 60	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA Short duration current (0,5 s) 30 A
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals P20 Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure Certifications Product standard for measuring relays CE conformity EMC Directive Reference standard so till Revision Solution So	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS — Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA Short duration current (0,5 s) 30 A
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals P20 Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure Certifications Product standard for measuring relays CE conformity EMC Directive Low Voltage Directive Type tests EN 61010-1 3 ReN 61010-1 3 3 Reference standard FN 60529 FN	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA Short duration current (0,5 s) 30 A
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals Product standard sonditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure Certifications Product standard for measuring relays CE conformity EMC Directive Low Voltage Directive Type tests COMMUNICATION INTERFACES	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS — Output relays K1K6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA Short duration current (0,5 s) 30 A
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals Product standard sonditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure Certifications Product standard for measuring relays CE conformity EMC Directive Low Voltage Directive Type tests COMMUNICATION INTERFACES Local PC RS232 EN 500 V LIII LIII LIII LIII LIII LIII LIII LI	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 Quantity • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current Nominal voltage/max switching voltage Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) Make Short duration current (0,5 s) Direct current (Logic selectivity) Quantity Quantity 1 optocoupler LEDs Quantity 8
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals Product standard sonditions Ambient temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure - Certifications Product standard for measuring relays CE conformity EMC Directive Low Voltage Directive Type tests COMMUNICATION INTERFACES Local PC RS232 Network: EN 61010-1 ReN	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: 9 Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA Short duration current (0,5 s) 30 A
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals Reference standards Rear side, connection terminals Reference standards Reference standards Front side Reference standards Reference voltage Final Standards Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Final Standards Final Standards Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Final Standards Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Final Standards Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Final Standards Reference voltage Reference	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA Short duration current (0,5 s) 30 A - Block output (Logic selectivity) Quantity 1 Type optocoupler - LEDs Quantity 8 Quantity 8 • ON/fail (green) 1 • Start (yellow) 1
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Overvoltage Pulse voltage Reference standards EN 60529 Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals IP20 Environmental conditions Ambient temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Atmospheric pressure Certifications Product standard for measuring relays CE conformity EMC Directive Low Voltage Directive Type tests COMMUNICATION INTERFACES Local PC RS232 Network: RS485 Ethernet 100BaseT RN 61010-1 RD 1010-1 RD 250 V REN 610529 REN 60529 REN 6	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA Short duration current (0,5 s) 30 A
Reference standards Pollution degree Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Pulse voltage Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Reference standards Protection degree: Front side Rear side, connection terminals Reference standards Rear side, connection terminals Reference standards Reference standards Front side Reference standards Reference voltage Final Standards Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Final Standards Final Standards Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Final Standards Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Final Standards Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Reference voltage Final Standards Reference voltage Reference	Quantity 1 Type polarized wet input (powered by internal isolated supply) Max consumption, energized 5 mA OUTPUT CIRCUITS Output relays K1K6 6 Quantity 6 • Type of contacts K1, K2 changeover (SPDT, type C) • Type of contacts K3, K4, K5 make (SPST-NO, type A) • Type of contacts K6 break (SPST-NC, type B) Nominal current 8 A Nominal voltage/max switching voltage 250 Vac/400 Vac Breaking capacity: • Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 50 W • Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 1250 VA Make 1000 W/VA Short duration current (0,5 s) 30 A - Block output (Logic selectivity) Quantity 1 Type optocoupler - LEDs Quantity 8 Quantity 8 • ON/fail (green) 1 • Start (yellow) 1

4 — NA11 - Flyer- 09 - 2011



• I_{CLP}> Activation time (t_{CLP}>)

0.00...100.0 s

GENERAL SETTINGS

GENERAL SETTINGS		 ICLP > Activation time (ICLP>) I > Reset time delay (t>RES) 	0.00100.0 s 0.00100.0 s
— Rated values		Definite time	0.00100.0 3
Relay nominal frequency f_n	50, 60 Hz	 50/51 First threshold definite time (/>def) 	0.10035.0 <i>I</i> _n
Traditional CTs:	,	 I_{>def} within CLP (I_{CLP>def}) 	0.10035.0 I _n
 Relay phase nominal current I_n 	1 A, 5 A	• $I>_{\text{def}}$ Operating time $(t>_{\text{def}})$	0.04200 s
• Phase CTs nominal primary current Inp	1 A10 kA	Inverse time	
 Relay residual nominal current I_{En} 	1 A, 5 A	 50/51 First threshold inverse time (/>inv) 	0.10020.00 <i>I</i> _n
 Residual CT nominal primary current I_{Enp} 	1 A10 kA	 I>inv within CLP (I_{CLP>inv}) 	0.10020.00 <i>I</i> _n
Low power CTs:		• $I>_{inv}$ Operating time ($t>_{inv}$)	0.0260.0 s
 Nominal primary current Inp 	501250 A	l>> Element	
		 Type characteristic (/>>Curve) 	DEFINITE or I ² t
— Binary input timers		 I_{CLP}>> Activation time (t_{CLP>>}) 	0.00100.0 s
ON delay time (IN1 ton, IN2 ton,IN5 ton)	0.00100.0 s	 I>> Reset time delay (t>>_{RES}) 	0.00100.0 s
OFF delay time (IN1 t_{OFF} , IN2 t_{OF} ,IN5 t_{OFF})	0.00100.0 s	Definite time	
Logic Active	e-ON/Active-OFF	• 50/51 Second threshold definite time (/>>def)	0.10035.0 <i>I</i> _n
Delever autout timens		• />>def within CLP (/CLP>>def)	0.10035.0 <i>I</i> _n
Relay output timers Minimum pulse width	0.0000.500 s	 />>_{def} Operating time (t>>_{def}) 	0.0310.00 s
Williman paise wiath	0.0000.300 8	Inverse time50/51 Second threshold inverse time (I>>inv)	0.10020.00 <i>I</i> _n
PROTECTIVE FUNCTIONS		• />> _{inv} within CLP (/ _{CLP>>inv})	0.10020.00 I _n
		• />> _{inv} Operating time (t>> _{inv})	0.0210.00 s
 Thermal protection with RTD thermometri 	ic probes - 26	l>>> Element	0.02
Alarm		 I_{CLP}>>> Activation time (t_{CLP>>>}) 	0.00100.0 s
• Alarm threshold θ_{ALx} (x=18)	0200 °C	• I>>> Reset time delay (t>>>RES)	0.00100.0 s
• Operating time $t_{\theta ALx}$ (x=18)	0100 s	Definite time	0.00100.0 3
Trip		 50/51 Third threshold definite time (/>>>_{def}) 	0.10035.0 <i>I</i> _n
• Trip threshold θ > _x (x=18)	0200 °C	 I>>>_{def} within CLP (I_{CLP>>>def}) 	0.10035.0 <i>I</i> _n
• Operating time $t_{\theta}>_{x}$ (x=18)	0100 s	 I>>>_{def} Operating time (t>>>_{def}) 	0.0310.00 s
Note: The element becomes available when the MPT mode	ule is enabled and		
connected to Thybus		 Residual overcurrent - 50N/51N (Tradition 	nal CT inputs)
		I _E > Element	DEFINITE
— Phase overcurrent - 50/51 (Traditional CT	inputs)	 I_E> Curve type (I_E>Curve) IEC/BS A, B, C, ANSI/IE 	DEFINITE
l> Element	DEFINITE	• I _{ECLP} > Activation time (t _{ECLP} >)	0.00100.0 s
 I> Curve type (I>Curve) IEC/BS A, B, C, ANSI/IEEE MI, VI, EI, REC 		• I_{E} > Reset time delay (t_{E} > _{RES})	0.00100.0 s
• I_{CLP} > Activation time (I_{CLP})	0.00100.0 s	Definite time	0.00
• I> Reset time delay (t> _{RES})	0.00100.0 s	 50N/51N First threshold definite time (/E>def) 	0.00210.00 / _{En}
Definite time	0.00	• /E>def within CLP (/ECLP>def)	0.00210.00 /En
 50/51 First threshold definite time (/>def) 	0.10040.0 <i>I</i> _n	• $I_{E>\text{def}}$ Operating time ($t_{E>\text{def}}$)	0.04200 s
 I>def within CLP (ICLP>def) 	0.10040.0 <i>I</i> _n	Inverse time	
 I>_{def} Operating time (t>_{def}) 	0.04200 s	 50N/51N First threshold inverse time (I_E>_{inv}) 	0.0022.00 I _{En}
Inverse time		 I_E>_{inv} within CLP (I_{ECLP>inv}) 	0.0022.00 I _{En}
• 50/51 First threshold inverse time (/>inv)	0.10020.00 <i>I</i> _n	• $I_{E>_{inv}}$ Operating time ($t_{E>_{inv}}$)	0.0260.0 s
• />inv within CLP (/cLP>inv)	0.10020.00 / _n 0.0260.0 s	I _E >> Element	
 I>_{inv} Operating time (t>_{inv}) 	0.0200.0 S	 I_{ECLP>>} Activation time (t_{ECLP>>}) 	0.00100.0 s
l>> Element		 I_E>> Reset time delay (t_E>>_{RES}) 	0.00100.0 s
 Type characteristic (/>>Curve) 	DEFINITE	Definite time	\0.000 10.00 /
Type dilataterione (122 daily)	l²t	• 50N/51N Second threshold definite time (/E>>de	
 I_{CLP}>> Activation time (t_{CLP>>}) 	0.00100.0 s	 I_E>>_{def} within CLP (I_{ECLP>>def}) I_E>>_{def} Operating time (I_E>>_{def}) 	0.0210.00 / _{En} 0.0310.00 s
 I>> Reset time delay (t>>RES) 	0.00100.0 s		0.0310.00 8
Definite time		I _E >>> Element	0.00 100.0 -
 50/51 Second threshold definite time (/>>def) 	0.10040.0 <i>I</i> _n	 I_{ECLP}>>> Activation time (t_{ECLP}>>>) I_{ECLP}>>> Reset time delay (t_E>>>_{RES}) 	0.00100.0 s 0.00100.0 s
 />>def within CLP (/cLP>>def) 	0.10040.0 / _n	Definite time	0.00100.0 8
• $t >>_{def}$ Operating time $(t >>_{def})$	0.0310.00 s	• 50N/51N Third threshold definite time (/E>>>def	:) 0 002 10 00 /En
Inverse time50/51 Second threshold inverse time (I>>inv)	0.100 20.00 /	• I _{ECLP} >>> _{def} within CLP (I _{ECLP>>>def})	0.00210.00 / _{En}
• />>inv within CLP (/ _{CLP>>inv})	0.10020.00 <i>I</i> _n 0.10020.00 <i>I</i> _n	 I_{ECLP}>>>_{def} Operating time (t_E>>>_{def}) 	0.0310.00 s
• $I >>_{inv}$ Operating time $(t >>_{inv})$	0.0210.00 s		
	0.02	 Residual overcurrent - 50N/51N (LPCT inp 	outs)
l>>> Element		I _E > Element	
 I_{CLP>>>} Activation time (t_{CLP>>>}) 	0.00100.0 s	 I_E> Curve type (I_E>Curve) 	DEFINITE
• />>> Reset time delay (t>>> _{RES})	0.00100.0 s	IEC/BS A, B, C, ANSI/IE	
Definite time	0.100 40.07	• I _{ECLP} > Activation time (t _{ECLP} >)	0.00100.0 s
 50/51 Third threshold definite time (/>>>_{def}) />>>_{def} within CLP (/_{CLP>>>def}) 	0.10040.0 <i>I</i> _n 0.10040.0 <i>I</i> _n	 I_E> Reset time delay (t_E>_{RES}) 	0.00100.0 s
• <i>I>>></i> _{def} Within GLP (<i>I</i> CLP>>>def) • <i>I>>></i> _{def} Operating time (<i>t>>></i> _{def})	0.10040.0 <i>I</i> _n 0.0310.00 s	Definite time	
1222061 Obergring rime (1222061)	0.0010.00 3	• 50N/51N First threshold definite time (/E>def)	0.10035.0 <i>I</i> _n
— Phase overcurrent - 50/51 (Low power CT	inputs)	• /E>def within CLP (/ECLP>def)	0.10035.0 <i>I</i> _n
l> Element	p. c. c. r	• $I_{E>def}$ Operating time ($t_{E>def}$)	0.04200 s
I> Curve type (I>Curve)	DEFINITE	Inverse time	
IEC/BS A, B, C, ANSI/IEEE MI, VI, EI, REC	CTIFIER, I2t or EM	• 50N/51N First threshold inverse time (/E>inv)	0.10020.0 <i>I</i> _n
		 I_E>_{inv} within CLP (I_{ECLP>inv}) 	0.10020.0 <i>I</i> _n

NA11 - Flyer- 09 - 2011

5



I _F >> Element	0.0200.0 0	METERING & RECORDING
 I_{ECLP>>} Activation time (t_{ECLP>>}) 	0.00100.0 s	— Measured parameters
 I_E>> Reset time delay (t_E>>_{RES}) 	0.00100.0 s	Direct:
Definite time		• Frequency f
• 50N/51N Second threshold definite time (/E>>d	ef) 0.10035.0 In	 RMS value of fundamental component for phase currents I_{L1}, I_{L2}, I_{L3}
 I_E>>_{def} within CLP (I_{ECLP>>def}) 	0.10035.0 In	 RMS value of fundamental component for residual current
• $I_{E}>>_{def}$ Operating time ($t_{E}>>_{def}$)	0.0310.00 s	(Traditional CT input only) I _E
		 RMS value of fundamental component for residual current
I _E >>> Element		(Calculated with LPCT inputs) /EC
 I_{ECLP}>>> Activation time (t_{ECLP}>>>) 	0.00100.0 s	Calculated:
 I_{ECLP}>>> Reset time delay (t_E>>>_{RES}) 	0.00100.0 s	 Maximum current between I_{L1}-I_{L2}-I_{L3} I_{Lmax}
Definite time		 Minimum current between /L1-/L2-/L3
 50N/51N Third threshold definite time (/E>>>de 	_f) 0.10035.0 <i>I</i> _n	 Average current between /L1-/L2-/L3
 I_{ECLP}>>>_{def} within CLP (I_{ECLP}>>>def) 	0.10035.0 <i>I</i> _n	2nd harmonic:
$I_{\text{ECLP}} >>_{\text{def}} \text{Operating time } (t_{\text{E}} >>>_{\text{def}})$	0.0310.00 s	• Second harmonic phase currents /L1-2nd, /L2-2nd, /L3-2nd
		Maximum of the second harmonic phase currents/fundamen-
– Auto-reclose - 79		tal component percentage ratio I_{-2nd}/I_{L}
	apid/Rapid+Slow	
Number of delayed reclosures (<i>N.DAR</i>)	05	3rd harmonic:
Rapid reclosure dead time (trdt)	0.160 s	• Third harmonic of phase currents \(\lambda_{L1-3rd}, \lambda_{L2-3rd}, \lambda_{L3-3rd} \)

1...200 s

1...200 s

0...10 s

0...10 s

1...10 s

0.02...60.0 s

Breaker failure - BF

Reclaim time (t_r)

BF Phase current threshold (IBF>) 0.05...1.00 In BF Residual current threshold with CT inputs (IEBF>) 0.05...2.00 IEn BF Residual current threshold with LPCT inputs (IEBF>) 0.05...2.00 In BF Time delay (t_{BF}) 0.06...10.00 s

Selective block - BLOCK2

Slow reclosure dead time (t_{sdt})

Slow reclosure fault discrimination time (t_{d1})

Delayed reclosure fault discrimination time (t_{d2})

Manual close (R+S only) fault discrimination time (t_d)

I_{E>inv} Operating time (t_{E>inv})

Selective block IN:

- BLIN Max activation time for phase protections (t_{B-IPh})0.10...10.00 s
- BLIN Max activation time for ground protections (t_{B-IE})0.10...10.00 s

Selective block OUT:

- BLOUT Dropout time delay for phase protections (t_{F-IPh}) 0.00...1.00 s
- BLOUT Drop-out time delay for ground protections (t_{F-IE}) 0.00...1.00 s
- BLOUT Drop-out time delay for phase and ground protections 0.00...1.00 s $(t_{\text{F-IPh/IE}})$

Second harmonic restraint

Pickup I_{2NDH>def} (definite-time) 10...50 % Drop out delay t_{12NDH>RES} 0.00...100.0 s

CT supervision - 74CT

74CT Threshold (S<) 0.10...0.95 74CT Overcurrent threshold (/*) 0.10...1.00 In S< Operating time (t_S <) 0.03...200 s

Circuit Breaker supervision

Number of CB trips threshold (N.Open) 0...10000 Cumulative CB tripping currents threshold (Suml) 0...5000 In CB opening time for $\Sigma I^2 t$ computation (t_{break}) 0.05...1.00 s Cumulative CB tripping \(\Sigma \)l²t threshold (\(Suml^2t\)) $0...5000 (I_n)^2 \cdot s$ CB Max allowed opening time (tbreak>) 0.05...1.00 s

Pilot wire diagnostic

BLOUT1 Diagnostic pulses period (PulseBLOUT1)

OFF - 0.1-1-5-10-60-120 s

BLIN1 Diagnostic pulses control time interval (PulseBLIN1)

OFF - 0.1-1-5-10-60-120 s

I_{L1MIN} , I_{L2MIN} , I_{L3MIN} · Phase minimum currents demand P+1nn-

Sequence of Event Recorder (SER)

• Fourth harmonic phase currents

• Fifth harmonic phase currents

· Phase fixed currents demand

· Phase rolling currents demand

Phase peak currents demand

• PT1...PT8 Temperature

METERING & RECORDING

T₁... T₈

1_{L1-4th}, 1_{L2-4th}, 1_{L3-4th}

/L1-5th, /L2-5th, /L3-5th

 $I_{\mathsf{L1FIX}}, I_{\mathsf{L2FIX}}, I_{\mathsf{L3FIX}}$

/L1ROL, /L2ROL, /L3ROL

/L1MAX, /L2MAX, /L3MAX

Number of events 300 Recording mode circular Trigger:

Third harmonic of residual current (Traditional CT input) I_{E-3rd}

· Output relays switching K1...K6...K10 · Binary inputs switching IN1, IN2...INx

· Setting changes Data recorded:

4th harmonic:

5th harmonic:

On demand:

 $0...10^9$ Event counter (resettable by ThySetter) Event cause binary input/output relay/setting changes · Time stamp Date and time

Sequence of Fault Recorder (SFR)

Number of faults 20 Recording mode circular Trigger: IN1, IN2...INx

· External trigger (binary inputs) Element pickup (OFF-ON transition) Start/Trip Data recorded:

· Time stamp Date and time · Fault cause start, trip, binary input

 Fault counter (resettable by ThySetter) 0...109 • Fundamental RMS phase currents *I*_{L1r}, *I*_{L2r}, *I*_{L3r}

• Fundamental RMS of measured residual current (CTs) Fundamental RMS of calculated residual current (LPCTs) I_{ECr}

· Binary inputs state IN1, IN2...INx · Output relays state K1...K6...K10

• Fault cause info (operating phase) L1, L2, L3

Digital Fault Recorder (DFR)

File format **COMTRADE** Records depending on setting [1] Recording mode circular 24 samples per cycle Sampling rate

Trigger setup:

 Pre-trigger time 0.05...1.00 s Post-trigger time 0.05...60.00 s IN1, IN2...INx Trigger from inputs · Trigger from outputs K1...K6...K10 Manual trigger **ThySetter**

NA11 - Flyer- 09 - 2011



Set sample channels:

· Instantaneous phase currents

 i_{L1} , i_{L2} , i_{L3} • Instantaneous residual current (CTs)

Set analog channels (Analog 1...12):

Frequency

• Fundamental RMS phase currents I_{L1}, I_{L2}, I_{L3}

• Fundamental RMS of measured residual current (CTs) ΙE • Fundamental RMS of calculated residual current (LPCTs) IEC

• Second harmonic phase currents /L1-2nd, /L2-2nd, /L3-2nd

 Maximum of the second harmonic phase currents/fundamental component percentage ratio I_{-2nd}/I_{L}

Set digital channels (Digital 1...12):

 Output relays state · Binary inputs state

K1...K6...K10 IN1, IN2...INx For instance, with following setting:

· Pre-trigger time Post-trigger time

 Sampled channels iL1, iL2, iL3, iE Analog channels $I_{L1}, I_{L2}, I_{L3}, I_{E}$

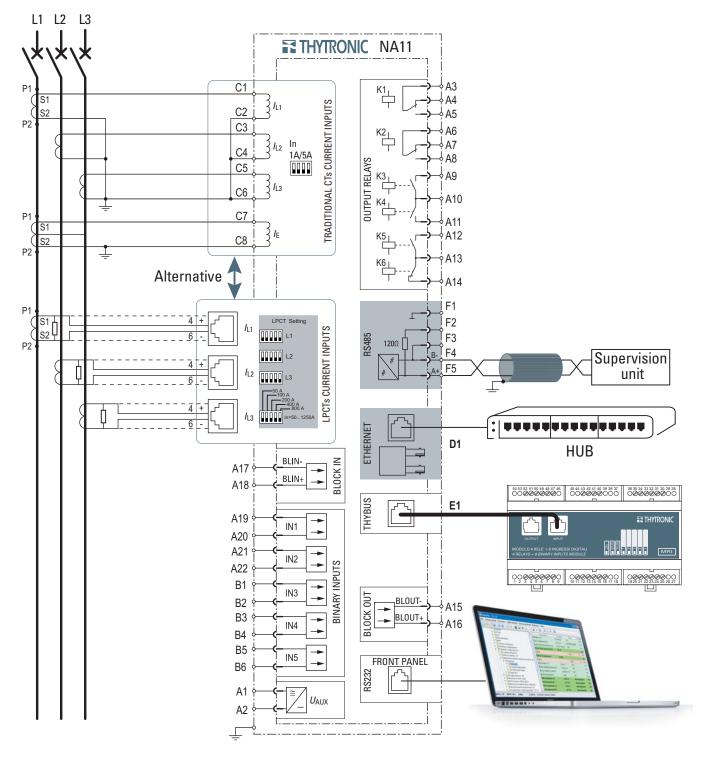
0.25 s

0.25 s

 Digital channels K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6, IN1, IN2

up to five hundred records can be stored when f = 50 Hz

Connection diagram example

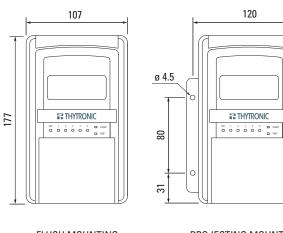


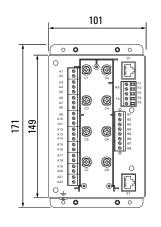


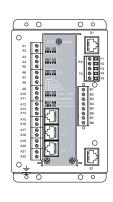
DIMENSIONS

FRONT VIEW

REAR VIEWS







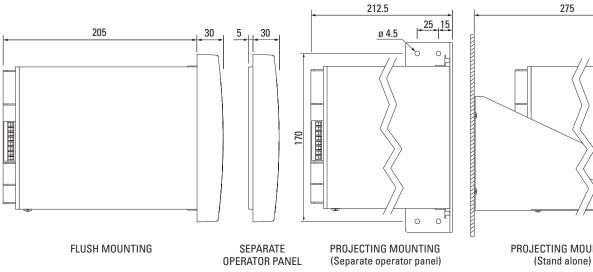
FLUSH MOUNTING

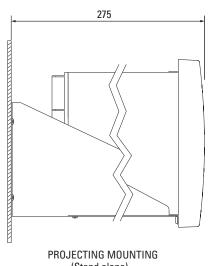
PROJECTING MOUNTING

FLUSH MOUNTING (standard CT inputs)

FLUSH MOUNTING (LPCT inputs)

SIDE VIEW





RACK MOUNTING

FLUSH MOUNTING CUTOUT

